THE

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1729.]

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1768.

From the PUBLIC LEDGER, *Sept.* 6.

I AM not a little aſtoniſhed to find, that the people of England in the very moment that they reſiſt every meaſure of adminiſtration, when confined to this ſide of the Atlantic, ſhould be ſuch ſtrenuous advocates for all the proceedings of Government when carried to the other; one would naturally imagine that if our Patriots were not conſiſtent from Juſtice, they might at leaſt be conſiſtent from Shame, and at any rate, learn to aſſume the appearance of Equity, however they deſpiſed the reality. But the more we ſee of the world, the more we ſhall find it fit to be the grand principle of action with mankind; we can by no means ſuffer the rod of Deſpotiſm to be ſtretched over ourſelves, but we can ſtretch it without any reluctance over other people, and the ſame Tax which we would execrate univerſally as an infamous exertion, when levied upon our own property, becomes a very neceſſary act of Government, when laid upon the property of the unfortunate Americans. In ſhort, every Duty which is impoſed upon England is extremely arbitrary, but nothing can be arbitrary which impoſes a Duty upon America; the very execution of the laws is an intolerable grievance to an inhabitant of the Mother Country, but it is perfectly right to execute what is contrary to the Laws on the inhabitants of the ill-fated Colonies.

It has always been a principle in the laws of Great Britain, that the property of the ſubject was never to be taxed without his own conſent; and it has always been conſidered, that the people of the Colonies were as much Subjects to the Crown of Great-Britain as the immediate Reſidents in England—At any rate, our Colonies muſt be Free-men, or they muſt be Slaves; that is, they muſt have the ſame equitable title to protection with ourſelves, or they muſt not.—If we allow them the ſame right to Protection, why do we attempt to load them with Taxes diametrically oppoſite to their inclinations; and if we will not allow them a claim which Nature and Reaſon ſo evidently demand, are they to be condemned for eſpouſing the general cauſe of humanity, and reſiſting a Deſpotiſm which we ourſelves ſhould reſiſt, were we unhappily plunged in the ſame miſerable ſituation.

The infallible Criterion of Rectitude is, to act by others as we wiſh others to act by us: Reaſon and Religion ſupport this ſentiment as the great Axis upon which the wheel of all equity muſt neceſſarily turn—To judge, therefore, by this Criterion for a moment, let us ſuppoſe that, by ſome unexpected Revolution, the people of America were to become more powerful than ourſelves, and that in conſequence of this ſuperiority, they ſhould attempt to load us with Taxations as they thought proper; and by forcing our property with laws wholly enacted at Boſton, or New-York, ſhould refuſe us the ſatisfaction of contributing voluntarily to the ſervice of our King and Country, would not we think the proceeding hard? Would not we think it contrary to the fundamental principles of the Britiſh Conſtitution? If we would, Why ſhould we condemn the Americans for exclaiming againſt a Tax which is laid on them without their own conſent—the exerciſe of force in oppoſition to the dictates of equity, is as criminal in us as it could poſſibly be in *them*; and the argument of *power* is a poor argument indeed, when it comes to be placed in a contradictory ſcale to Juſtice and Humanity—If the doctrine of *right* is once ſacrificed to the plea of *force*, and if people ſay they can *lawfully* do a thing, becauſe they have the *ability* to do it, the ſacred bonds of ſociety muſt be inſtantly broken, all mutual Faith, between man and man, muſt inſtantly ceaſe, we muſt look for nothing but inevitable deſtruction.

The inconſiderate inhabitants of England, who expreſs ſo much indignation againſt the poor Americans, indeed tell us, that the Mother Country is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of levying Taxes upon the Colonies by her own authority, becauſe they refuſe to levy ſuch Taxes upon themſelves, as are abſolutely neceſſary for the ſupport of Government. It has for ſome time been very faſhionable to condemn the unfortunate Colonies, and a man is even ſuſpected to be half an enemy to Great-Britain, who preſumes to ſay a ſingle word in their defence; notwithſtanding the prejudices conceived againſt them; however, I muſt beg leave to aſk, how long the Colonies have manifeſted a diſinclination to furniſh their neceſſary quota to the general ſervice of the Britiſh Empire?—Did they ſhew this diſinclination *before or after* the bleſſed adminiſtration of *Mr.* GEORGE GRENVILLE? I am pretty confident they did not *before* that period refuſe to raiſe Taxes among themſelves, for the benefit of their Country; and my confidence in this reſpect, is founded upon a reſolution of the BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS, during the progreſs of the laſt war, who voted a ſum of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS to the province of MASSACHUSETTS BAY, in order to reimburſe that VERY LOYAL Colony for the extraordinary expences, which it went to in ſupport of the common cauſe, expences which were not only greatly more than what we require from it, but what we likewiſe acknowledge to be greatly beyond its abilities. Yet, though there was ſo recent and ſo honourably a teſtimony of American fidelity on record, we muſt doubt that very fidelity, and we muſt ſuſpect the attachment of our fellow ſubjects beyond the Atlantic, at the very moment they were giving us ſuch exalted marks of their affection. What is the conſequence? They refuſe to be ſlaves, and we claim an arbitrary power over them; for fear of loſing our authority, we drive them into deſperation, and then are angry that they murmur; we inſiſt upon ſeizing their property at pleaſure, and are highly offended becauſe they wiſh to have the diſpoſal of this property themſelves.—We have ſaved them from the yoke of France, and therefore we muſt load them with fetters—their opulence has been owing to our protection, and therefore we will plunge them into abſolute deſtruction. To deny our *deſpotiſm* is to deny our *power*; to deny our *power* is to deny our *right*, and to deny our *right* is rebellion againſt the laws of poor Old England.

Riſum teneatis Amici.

New Advertiſements.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

In the Ship HEART OF OAK, *Captain* HENRY GUNN, *A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF*

IRONMONGERY,

To be ſold very cheap, for ready money, produce, or ſhort credit, by

William Greaves,

At his Store the South corner of Tradd-ſtreet, near the Vendue Houſe:

Amongſt a great variety of other Articles, are the following.

BROAD HOES and AXES, croſs-cut, pitt, mill, and hand ſaws, garden rakes quern ſtones, bar iron and ſteel, cotton and wool cards, ſcales and ſcale beams, hyſon tea, tea and waſhing kettles, coffee and chocolate pots, coffee roaſters, iron pots, Dutch ovens, ſtew and ſauce pans, fiſh kettles, a very neat braſs hearth ſtove, grates, ſhovels and tongs, cinder ſhovels chimney backs, fire dogs, very neat braſs and iron fenders, coal ſcoops, chimney hooks, braſs candleſticks, very fine ſpring ſteel ſnuffers, braſs ditto, with braſs ſtands, braſs and iron chafing diſhes, mortars and peſtles, bird cages, Whitechapel needles, window lines and taſſels, bed lace and chair reins, planes and box rules, hammers, gimblets, thumb latches, braſs and iron compaſſes, locks and hinges, coffin furniture, ſteel ſpring dog-ling ſtocks, and ſilverſmith's tools, &c. with an aſſortment of LINEN and WOOLLEN GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon.

For LIVERPOOL,
The Brigt. LYDIA,
JOHN HAYWOOD, Maſter,
(Burthen about 460 Barrels Rice)

FOR Freight or Paſſage (having very good Accommodations) apply to ſaid Captain, at the Market Wharf, or to PRICE, HEST, & HEAD.

WANTED ON HIRE,

A MAN, capable of tending the MARKET, and managing a ſmall FARM about a mile from Charles-Town, with a dozen of hands thereon.—Any perſon who can recommend himſelf for his ſobriety and induſtry, may meet with proper encouragement, by applying to

DANIEL CANNON.

N. B. If he has two or three Negroes, good wages will be allowed for them.

J. Sarrazin

JEWELLER,

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the Heart of Oak, Captain Gunn, from LONDON;

A large ASSORTMENT of JEWELLERY & PLATE,

Conſiſting of the following Articles, viz.

TANKARDS, coffee pots, waiters, punch bowls, ladles and ſtrainers, ſugar diſhes, tea and cream pots, caſtors in ſilver and wood frames, table, tea ſpoons and ladles, ſwords and cuttaſſes, ſilk and morocco ſword belts of all kinds, green-handle knives and forks in ſhagreen caſes, ſpare ſhagreen caſes, double flint glaſs candleſticks, womens and mens ſtone ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, from £. 5 to £. 70 a pair, of a variety of patterns, and the neweſt faſhion, diamond, ruby, emerald, topaz, opal, marcaſite, garnet, paſte and pearl necklaces, ear and finger rings, with aigrets ſprigs and pins, plain Tortoiſe ſhell and jewelled combs, ivory and pearl fiſh and counters, and every article in the JEWELLERY and SILVERSMITHS WAY, may be had at his Shop, at as low an advance as any ever yet ſold in this province, and for caſh, as cheap as may be bought in the Retail Shops in London.

All kinds of JEWELLERY & SILVERSMITHS WORK done at ſaid ſhop, as uſual, in the neateſt manner, and with the quickeſt diſpatch.

Where moſt Money is given for Old Plate and Jewels.

N. B. Silverſmiths forging and planiſhing hammers, and moſt kind of Silverſmiths Tools, ſold as above.

TO BE SOLD,

(Under the COST AND CHARGES;)

EIGHT FRENCH CHAIRS; two Sofas, and three Curtains, complete; with rich carved cornices, covered with crimſon Silk Damaſk, and ſpare check covers.——Good Bills of Exchange, or Rice, will be taken in payment, or credit given, paying intereſt, if required. Enquire of

t.f. THOMAS GADSDEN.

TO BE SOLD,

A good COASTING SCOONER

ABOUT 120 barrels burthen, draws ſix feet and an half water when loaded. Her ſails only twelve months old, her rigging and cables in good order. Merchantable Rice or good Bills of Exchange, will be taken in payment. Enquire of JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

Foreign Intelligence.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Auguſt* 2.

HAVE received advice that the Ruſſians have cannonaded, and forced, ſword in hand, the town of Balta, in the Leſſer Tartary, in order to carry off ſome Poliſh Confederates, who had taken refuge there. This news had cauſed a great fermentation, as ſeveral Turks and Tartars loſt their lives on the occaſion. Preparations are making to ſecure the frontiers, and put the empire in a ſtate of defence. The Porte has ſent orders to Romelia, for the troops in that province to march towards the Nieſter, who are to be joined by a large body of horſe.

Six commanders of irregular troops have had orders to raiſe 6000 Volunteers.

The Drabali Timariotes, who are not ſubject to perſonal ſervices, are ordered to find their ſubſtitutes; and this corps which is cavalry, is reckoned at 6000 men.

The Court has given orders for a body of 30,000 men to march to the frontiers of Moldavia and Tartary, where they are to be employed in obſerving the motions of the Ruſſians and Poles. Fifteen regiments of Janiſſaries, four of Topchus, three of Tchebegis, and two of Arabadgis, ſet out ſucceſſively from this capital for Varna in Bulgaria, from whence they are to continue their route for the place of their deſtination, where they are to be joined by the Aſiatic cavalry.

Mantua, in Corſica. Aug. 18. The day before yeſterday the French, who are in gariſon at Calvi, having taken the field to the number of 2000 men, together with 200 others whom they had in their pay, they marched along the coaſt of the Gulph as far as the tower of Saint Catharine, with four pieces of cannon eight pounders, and whatever elſe was neceſſary for the throwing up of entrenchments, which they ſoon finiſhed, and planted their artillery very advantageouſly. But, notwithſtanding all this, the flying ſquadron of our militia had the courage to go up to them, which occaſioned a ſharp ſkirmiſh, the tumult of which brought up in leſs than half an hour 600 men from Calenzana, Pino, and Lummio, who attacked the French with ſo much impetuoſity, that notwithſtanding their advantageous poſition, and the fire of their cannon, they were forced to quit their entrenchments, and in their retreat made no other reſiſtance than juſt to preſerve their artillery, which, on account of the marſhineſs of the ſoil, they would certainly have loſt, if two veſſels had not arrived in that inſtant, and taken it on board. Our people purſued the runaways as far as Paggiola, where a ſwamp enabled them to draw up again, and ſo reſume their way to Calvi. If the other troops in the neighbourhood had come up, this interpoſe of the French had coſt them very dear. At preſent we cannot tell their loſs, but they had the fire of our muſquetry during the whole purſuit, both in flank and front. On our ſide we loſt in the attack, one of our beſt officers and had three men wounded.

Genoa, Auguſt 20. We have advice from San Fiorenzo, that 5000 more French troops have been diſembarked there; and that they are employed at Baſtia in conſtructing and fitting out a great number of armed veſſels, deſtined for an enterpriſe againſt the iſland of Capraia.

Florence, Auguſt 23. The greateſt part of the powers of Italy have forbidden the exportation of grain from their ſtates. The King of Sardinia firſt made this prohibition; the government of Milan, the Senate of Genoa, and the King of Naples, have followed the example; the ſame prohibition has long ſubſiſted in the Eccleſiaſtical State.

Dantzick, Auguſt 24. There has been a fine and plentiful crop of corn all over this country, and the granaries in this city are almoſt full.

Paris, September 5. By the diſpoſitions making by the court, it ſhould ſeem, that, after the conqueſt of Corſica, they intend to put it under the ſame government and adminiſtration as the other provinces of this kingdom. The Sieur Provot is already appointed Commiſſaire General-Ordonnateur at Baſtia, a poſt which he formerly filled at Louiſbourg in America, and he is to have under him a Commiſſary of marine and ſix ſubaltern officers.

Paris, September 9. We have received the following a counts from Corſica. The Count de Marbeuf having reſolved to attack Nonza, where the Corſican Chiefs had taken refuge after the defeat of the 18 of Auguſt, marched in three columns in the night of the 23 of that month. The poſt of Olmetto was carried, after ſome reſiſtance, by the diviſion of the center under the command of the Count de Cloigny, and the left diviſion, commanded by the Sieur de Grandmaiſon, forced the enemy upon ſome ſteep rocks; after which the two columns marched againſt Nonza, from whence the rebels retired with precipitation; but they were ſtopt in their flight by the column under Count de Marbeuf, and after having loſt a great many men, were obliged to ſurrender themſelves as priſoners, with thirty of their Chiefs; among whom are the Sieurs Barbaggio and Franciſchetti, one the nephew, and the other the brother-in-law, of the Sieur Paoli. The King's troops behaved with great bravery in theſe actions, and had but four men killed, and four wounded.

We have received advice that the Marquis de Chauvelin, who is to command the French troops in Corſica, ſailed from Toulon the 25th of laſt month, and landed the 26th at St. Florent, from whence he went to Baſtia the 27th.

Berlin, Sept. 10. We learn from Breſlaw, that the marriage of his Serene Highneſs Prince Frederick of Brunſwick with the Princeſs Frederica-Sophia-Charlot-Auguſta, of Wartemberg Oels, was celebrated on the 6th inſtant.

London Advices.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 7.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn. Auguſt 28.

"THE Aquilon Engliſh frigate arrived here the 9th of this month from Corſica; on board of which was Mr. Murray, who had been two days in conference with General Paoli. This gentleman has continued his route by land for London, accompanied by a Corſican, ſent thither on the part of General Paoli; and the frigate has ſince ſailed for Port-Mahon."

Extract of a letter from Nice, Auguſt 28.

"The Corſicans of Cape Corſe, wanting to retake Barbaggio and Patrimonio, on account of the importance of theſe places in preſerving their communication with the other provinces of the iſland, made an attempt to diſlodge the French troops therefrom, but all their efforts have been ineffectual; on the contrary, the French have taken Erbalonga; and it is reported, that they have alſo made themſelves maſters of the Pieves of Slico and Corbora, and that, in conſequence, the council of the province aſſembled the day before yeſterday, to deliberate on the ſteps to be taken in ſo critical a ſituation, and on the anſwer to be made to the French, if they ſhould demand the ſovereignty of that province.

"We laſt now hear from Erbalonga, that two Corſican ſtaccos, ignorant of the French being maſters of that port, had put in there, and were ſeized; but this loſs was in ſome meaſure repaired by three French tartanes which the Corſicans had taken, and carried into Ile Rouge."

The French trade to the Levant is increaſed ſince the late peace, particularly at Marſeilles, more than double known at any period theſe forty years paſt; and 'tis further expected by the merchants concerned in that commerce, that by the acceſſion of Corſica the whole Turky and Levant trade will be ſoon in their poſſeſſion, ariſing chiefly from the moderate price of labour, and cheapneſs of materials, plenty of proviſions, and encouragement given to the mechanic arts. On this principle the beſt ſuperfine French grey ſeven quarter cloths are ſold at twelve, ſcarlet and crimſon at fourteen ſhillings per yard, which is near twenty-five per cent. cheaper than ſold in England of the ſame fabric.

Letters from Berne of the 20th ult. mention, that the Deputies of the Cantons of Berne, Lucerne, Fribourg, and Soleure, having become guarantees that the required ſatisfaction ſhall be made to the King of Pruſſia, by the State of Neuf Chatel, on account of the murder of the Sieur Gaudot, the affairs of Neufchatel are now reſtored to a ſtate of tranquillity, and Baron de Lentulus is preparing to take poſſeſſion of his government of that place.

Orders are ſent to Woolwich, for a quantity of naval and military ſtores to be got in readineſs to be ſhipped for America.

A Dutch man of war, with ſtores for the Corſicans has lately been taken in the Mediterranean by the Genoeſe.

Dublin, Auguſt 30. The number of acres of land

In England,	——	——	34 088,500
In Wales,	——	——	5 398,503
		Total	39,487,000

Ireland is computed at 17,042,642

Note, That all the bogs and mountains in Ireland were left out of the ſurveye of it, and that therefore, as 1000 acres of Iriſh plantation meaſure do make 1620 Engliſh acres, Ireland, taking in the ſaid unſurveyed bogs and mountains, muſt be as large as England, Wales excepted.

London, September 8. Yeſterday the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford, lately arrived from Paris, was at Court; and had the honour of having a long conference with his Majeſty, on the ſubject of his embaſſy at that court.

On the 17th of February laſt a declaration was iſſued by the King of France, containing a new form of raiſing the land-tax; but the court of Aides thinking the new method in ſome reſpects more burdenſome than the former, have declined regiſtering it, and on the 9th ult. drew up remonſtrances againſt it, in which they ſay, "In a time of peace, when it is poſſible to alledge the neceſſity of extraordinary expences; in a year when the miſery of the people is greater than ever it was before, we are grieved to ſee an exceſſive augmentation of the land-tax. Of all the impoſts, that upon land is generally looked upon as the moſt ſevere, as the weight of it is borne by the pooreſt and moſt uſeful citizens; and as the mode of collecting it is not only arbitrary, but rendered more grievous by pretences of making it not ſo. This tax ſtifles all emulation and induſtry, becauſe induſtry is either the motive or pretence for the augmentation."

We hear that two young ladies, heireſs of quality, remarkable for beauty, vivacity of ſpirits, with every natural and acquired endowment which adorns the fair ſex, are actually grown jealous of each other from ſuppoſed favours each is ambitious of receiving from an illuſtrious ſtranger.

The ſudden return of an illuſtrious traveller to this metropolis is variouſly conjectured; ſome ſanguine politicians, who affect more than ordinary penetration into public affairs, make no ſcruple to declare ſome very extraordinary negociations are actually on the carpet, eſpecially as the unexpected arrival of a certain Ambaſſador cauſes various ſpeculations.

We hear that Lord Charles Spencer is appointed his Majeſty's Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the King of Sardinia, in the room of George Pitt, Eſq

It is ſaid the Prince de Radzivil of Poland, is ſoon expected in London.

It is ſaid that ſeveral Maritime powers in the Mediterranean are on the point of concluding treaties of peace and commerce with the Corſicans.

We hear the public will be greatly ſurprized by a publication which will make its appearance in about two months, in defence of a much abuſed, though amiable character, now gone abroad on his travels, which 'tis ſaid will clear up many hitherto obſcure paſſages both in his public as well as private connections.

September 9. Yeſterday afternoon there was a grand privy council at St. James's, at which his Majeſty was preſent, which did not break up 'till five o'clock, ſaid to be on account of ſome important advices from North-America.

The duties of goods imported, and entered at the Cuſtom-houſe during the courſe of laſt week, amounted to upwards of 90,000l.

Many people are at a loſs to account for the long ſilence on our Portugal affairs. The private advices from that country aſſure us, notwithſtanding the moſt abject ſubmiſſion, cajoling, and even threa-

dings, the Prime Minister still continues deaf to all remonstrances, and affects to treat this nation, and its representative at Lisbon, with the greatest indifference, if not with contempt.

Both the *tenour* and *purport* of all the late dispatches from America, is, *That the Colonists will never give up their Liberties.*

They write from Leghorn, that the commander of the French troops in Corsica had ordered whole Corps of that Island to be burnt down, to facilitate the march of his forces through the country.

September 20. Yesterday there was a cabinet council held at St. James's, at which most of the great officers of state assisted; said to be on account of some dispatches received from our commander in the Mediterranean relative to Corsica: After which his Majesty set out for Richmond.

A great man, whose influence in the Ministry is exceeded by none, has declared his abhorrence of the measures of the Americans in the severest terms; but at the same time has given it as his opinion, that violent steps ought not yet to be taken, to enforce obedience to the laws of the mother country; and we hear, the same noble personage has offered a scheme for consideration (now under debate) which seems to carry with it all the weight that can be expected from military force, without the possibility of its being attended with consequences disagreeable to those which must naturally flow from the other.

The following regiments are now on duty in America, viz. The 9th, 10th, 14th, 16th, 18th, 21st, or Royal North British Fusileers, 26th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 34th, 52d, 59th, 60th, and 69th regiment of foot; besides the 36th and 66th, at Jamaica, and two others in the Caribbee Islands.

To the great honour of a gentleman denominated a Jew of this city, we have the pleasure to remark, that he has a long while supported a number of children, in the country, at his own expence, without distinction of religion or sex, and has now absolutely risen upon his own private foundation.

'Tis said Lord Chatham has not been consulted in any public affairs for these six weeks past; neither is there any thing certain transpired relative to the conduct of the Colonies, as the ultimate proceedings thereof are of too delicate a nature to be precipitately entered into.

We are informed that the two regiments of foot lately ordered from Ireland to Boston in New-England, are to remain there no longer than the Governor shall think necessary, and if things remain quiet, they will be ordered to do duty in the West-Indies.

It is said that the office of Secretary of State for Scotland, which has lain dormant near 30 years, will speedily be revived; the late Marquis of Tweedale was the last Secretary.

We hear that several young gentlemen of fortune will speedily embark for Corsica, to enlist as volunteers under the brave General Paoli.

We are informed that a manufacturer at Birmingham has just received a commission for a large number of musket barrels, &c. for the use of the Corsicans.

We hear that there is now in this metropolis a gentleman who has acquired a fortune of 150,000l. by gaming.

Some recruiting parties are ordered out, to complete several marching regiments going upon foreign service with all convenient speed.

September 18. Last Saturday's Gazette contains his Majesty's proclamation for further proroguing the parliament from the 13th instant, to the 8th of November next.

From Paris, of the 29th ult. we are assured, that by an edict of the King, lately published, all Jesuits are enjoined to depart from the duchies of Lorraine and Bar before the end of this month. This expulsion did not take place sooner, at the intercession of the late Queen.

According to letters from Hamburgh, two principal merchants there have lately suffered a very considerable loss by the capture of a ship and cargo at Corsica, by the French, laden with stores for General Paoli.

They write from Brest, that the Mobile man of war, of seventy-four guns, together with two frigates of thirty-six guns, were lately launched there.

Letters from Lisbon, of the fifth ult. mention, that preparations are making there by order of the King of Portugal, for the reception and accommodation of the Duke of Cumberland, who was expected to put in there in his way to Italy.

Last Friday the foot guards were removed from the King's-Bench prison, after having been quartered there ever since the latter end of April last.

September 13. A certain Lord, it is said, will not quit the place he holds without a very handsome equivalent in the way of pension; and which demand is under consideration. This, and numberless other instances, justly display the patriotic principles of our great people in great offices; and the weakness of a state, to admit of such venal proceedings.

September 16. There is now living, near Brampton in Cumberland, a woman named Margaret Foster, aged 136 years, and who has a daughter aged 104.

The quantity of butter exported from Ireland is said not to be less than 3000 firkins per week.

The Hampden packet boat, Capt. Braithwaite, which arrived on Friday from Lisbon, brought, we are told, some dispatches of importance from his Excellency William-Henry Lyttelton, Esq; his Majesty's Ambassador at the court of Portugal.

We are credibly informed, that a plan has been laid before the Great Officers of State, for further reduction of the national debt, without laying any additional tax on the subject; which plan is now under their consideration.

It is said that the title of Duke of Lancaster will shortly be conferred on one of the young Princes.

We hear that a certain N——n, reckoned the best player of French billiards in England, lost 2000l. one day last week, at a noted coffee-house not fifty miles from St. James's, on a single hazard.

The annual profits of the East-India Company arising from their territory in Asia, we are assured exceeds a million and a half.

They write from Florence, that the crop of silk has been this year so considerable, that in the district of four miles round that city, there was collected 238,433 lb. which makes 79,810 lb. more than what was last year. In some other parts of the grand Duchy, the production has been equally abundant.

It is now frequently asserted in public companies that Lord Clive is the richest subject in Europe, his whole fortune being computed at four millions; and it is talked of as doubtful, whether Lord Bute or the Marquis de Stuff is the second.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, September 9.

"This day arrived here, express from Boston, a Sloop, in the Government's service; the captain immediately set out for London. It is reported the news he brings is not very pleasing."

September 17. Nothing certain has transpired of the dispatches lately arrived from North-America; but it is observable, that they are very diligent at certain offices.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in Ireland.

"—— Faith we are not in a less rebellious state here than the people in America. The spirits that are drank by many of the electors, in various parts of the country, are little less than treasonable; their conversation absolutely so: And the premises which they force from the respective candidates, of questions to be moved, and things to be done by them, when they shall be elected, are of the same tendency. You drain us of our troops to send them to America, to quell the tumults there; but I wish you may not have occasion to recal them for a similar purpose here, before your intentions are effected on the American colonies. There is dreadful party work here I assure you."

On Wednesday the two Princes of Saxe-Gotha and their retinue, set out on a tour to different parts of the kingdom, particularly Oxford, Bath, Bristol, Birmingham, &c.

Yesterday morning his Excellency the Russian Ambassador had a long conference with the Earl of Shelburne, on the subject of dispatches from Petersburgh.

Yesterday Lord Dysart set out for Portsmouth, to embark there to join his regiment at Gibraltar.

The hon. Miss Vernon, sister to Lord Grosvenor, is appointed one of the Maids of Honour to the Queen, in the room of Miss Meadows lately married.

Letters from Rome advise, that two pieces of news were received there, which were not a little alarming; the first from Madrid, importing that some battalions of Spanish troops were about to embark at Barcelona; and the other from Naples, that orders had been given for the embarkation of the regiment of Calabria; the destination of which troops in the opinion of many persons, has for object the invasion of the State of Castro and Ronciglione, situated almost at the gates of Rome.

By a letter from Geneva we are informed, that, from the present aspect of affairs, the differences there, which have for some time subsisted, are expected to rekindle: if so, 'tis feared the consequences will prove fatal.

According to advices from Leghorn, Gen. Paoli had acquainted the Chiefs of Corsica, that some late applications to a very powerful northern court, had been favourably received, which in all probability, would give a new turn to the affairs of the nation.

His Majesty's Post-Master-General have appointed Capt. Richard Nottingham to the command of the Sandwich Packet-Boat; Capt. Pond to the command of the La Despencer Packet-Boat; and Capt. James Adson to the command of the Eagle Packet-Boat; which vessels are to be employed in carrying mails between Falmouth and Charles-Town, South Carolina.

The Endeavour bark is sailed from Plymouth on her intended voyage to the South Seas, with astronomers, &c. on board, to observe the Transit of Venus over the Sun, which will happen in June next. Several gentlemen of fortune are gone out in her; she will touch at the Island of Madera in her passage thither, and make her passage round Cape Horn.

Yesterday Sir James Lowther, Bart. returned member for the county of Cumberland, kissed his Majesty's hand on being created a Peer of Great-Britain, by the title of Lord Lonsdale.

It is imagined by certain politicians, that if the Pope does not speedily revoke the brief against the Infant Duke of Parma, he will soon see his capital the residence of a numerous body of unwelcome guests, who, perhaps, will demand the revocation in so categorical a manner, that the resolution of his Holiness will not be able to withstand their urgent request.

A number of persons skilled in the manufacture of wine bottles, have this week been engaged to go to Quebec.

The total number of the militia, in the large province of New England, are upwards of 150,000 men, who all have and can use arms, not only in a regular, but in so particular a manner, we are told, as to be capable of *shooting a pimple off a man's nose* without hurting him.

We are informed, that if a place should become vacant in the War Office by removal, as is expected, it will be filled up by a very worthy popular gentleman, who has not hitherto had much to do with national affairs in a public way.

It is said, that on a canvas among the M——s of P——t in respect to Mr. Wilkes's sitting in the House, it appears that he will not sit, by a majority of seven to two.

It is said our court has lately received proposals relative to Corsica, which merit the most serious consideration.

It is said, that the price of all kinds of provisions, at all seasons of the year, will be fixed by authority, and that all weights and measures will be made uniform throughout the kingdom.

Whitehall, September 17. The King has been pleased to appoint George Mercer, Esq; to be Lieutenant-Governor of his Majesty's Province of North-Carolina in America.

London, September 19. *Advice has been received from the right Hon. the Earl of Bute, that his Lordship is so well recovered, that he intends to return to England to attend a certain right hon. assembly at their first meeting.*

We hear that the Rev. Mr. Whitefield is extremely ill, and it is apprehended so dangerously as never to be able to preach again; occasioned by his breaking a blood vessel, in exerting his powers in preaching to so numerous a congregation, as generally attend his places of worship.

A correspondent says, there is little foundation in the report that a premier in the law would speedily resign, such a step being altogether repugnant to the *tenour* and *purport* of that Gentleman's intentions.

The transports intended to carry the 64th and 65th regiments from Cork to Boston, are all arrived at the first mentioned place; and on the 1st instant the said two regiments were embarked, and only wait for a fair wind to proceed to the place of their destination.

Letters from Rome import, that the Jesuits are making the greatest efforts to prevent the Pope's acquiescence with the demand of most of the powers of Europe, touching the annihilation of their Society: for this purpose they have presented two memorials, to prove, 1st, "That the Society has done very great services, and stopt the progress of heresy;" and 2dly, "That it has at all times been the firmest support of the Papal Crown, and, according to the expression of a great man (M. d'Alembert) its Pretorian Guard."

Some letters from Paris, mention it as a report, that proposals had been sent to court by General Paoli for ceding the whole island of Corsica to the French King, on certain conditions.

Saturday morning two transport ships fell down the river from Woolwich, to complete their full lading at Portsmouth, for Boston in New-England.

September 20. A report circulates at the west end of the town, that the right hon. the Earl of Chatham, with his usual consistency, has advised a total change, both of men and measures, in the present critical conjuncture of affairs.

Extract of a letter from Vienna, September 3.

"Our last advices from Constantinople assure us that the Grand Seignor hath declared war against Russia, with all the formalities usual on such an occasion. They add, that the Grand Visir hath declared to the minister of their Imperial and royal Majesties, that this war will be carried on against Russia only.

We are told that a noble Lord intends to support the interest of America as strenuously this winter as he did the last session of parliament.

It is strongly reported, and from good authority, that a certain great man in the ministry, who not only stands high in the opinion of the people of Great-Britain, but likewise of the Americans in general (to whom he has already shewn some friendship) has a plan to lay before an august assembly that meets in November next, for the dispatch of business, that will in all probability, be the means of restoring that perfect friendship and harmony between Great-Britain and her colonies, which must naturally be the sincere wish of every loyal subject to our best of Kings.

Certain politicians at the west end of the town have, within a few days past, insinuated, that as the alarming and critical posture of affairs in the colonies demand the immediate attention of the legislature, it will be the first business which a certain august assembly will take into consideration upon its meeting; and it is thought this critical affair, with some other important matters, will take up so much time, that all petitions and scrutinies about contested elections, will be adjourned sine die.

It is said that a certain unpopular N——h lately gone to drink the waters of B——s, has only made that pretence to cover his real design, which was, to prevent, if possible, the destructive effects of an unfortunate peace, of which he boasted himself the maker; for which purpose, it is said, he has lately held several private conferences with some great personages belonging to the courts of Madrid and Versailles, in order to prevent a new war, which in all probability will be the consequence of his unhappy conduct when premier.

Great wagers are laid, at the court end of the town, that a certain unpopular nobleman will be impeached the next sitting of parliament.

Extract of a letter from Amsterdam, Sept. 4.

"There is here continual signs of war between us and France, chiefly, as supposed, to defend the rights, privileges, and independency of the brave Corsicans.

"It is absolutely fact that we are making as much preparation as tho' war was this minute going to be declared."

Notwithstanding so little notice seems to be taken here concerning the French invasion of Corsica, we have it from undoubted authority, that the courts of Sweden and Denmark, the Dutch and Hamburghers consider it in a very serious light, and are actually making preparations to assert the liberty of navigation in the Mediterranean against the domineering power of the Grand Monarch.

Letters from Genoa inform, that the French commander in chief in Corsica, had published an ordinance, obliging all ships of what nation soever, to depart the island within a limited time, on pain of seizure and confiscation.

The politicians at the west end of the town now talk of a war with France as inevitable, and that it will spread over Europe more general than the last, and that but few states can avoid being involved in it.

Sunday an express arrived with an account of the arrival of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland at Gibraltar.

Orders are sent away over land to Commodore Spry in the Mediterranean, with positive instructions not to suffer any ships of the British nation to be stopped or searched on any pretence whatever, either by the Genoese, French, or any other power in the Italian seas.

It is thought that the present situation of American affairs will produce some revolutions as important to government as ever took place in this kingdom.

CHARLES-TOWN, *November* 21.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this province met, at the State House, on Tuesday last. On Wednesday they unanimously chose PETER MANIGAULT, Esq; (who was Speaker to the last Assembly) to be their Speaker. On Thursday they presented him to his Excellency the Governor, who was pleased to approve their choice, and then delivered a Speech to both Houses. On Friday his Majesty's hon. Council presented their Address, in answer to his Excellency's speech: On Saturday afternoon, the hon. Commons House of Assembly likewise presented theirs; and at nine o'clock that night, a PROCLAMATION was issued, DISSOLVING the GENERAL ASSEMBLY.——[*Particulars will be inserted in an extraordinary Gazette.*]

The following is a LIST of the REPRESENTATIVES of the people of this province, that took their seats in this Assembly, whose session was of so short a duration.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN, HENRY LAURENS, and CHARLES PINCKNEY, Esqrs. for the parish of St. PHILIP, CHARLES-TOWN.

BENJ. DART, JOHN LLOYD, and THOMAS SAVAGE, Esqrs. for St. MICHAEL'S.

JOHN RUTLEDGE and JOHN POAUG, Esqrs. for CHRIST-CHURCH.

The Hon. PETER MANIGAULT, Esq; (Speaker) JOHN HUGER, and ROBERT QUASH, jun. Esqrs. for St. THOMAS and St. DENNIS.

THOMAS EVANCE, Esq; for St. JAMES, SANTEE.

THOMAS LYNCH, and ELIAS HORRY, jun. Esqrs. for PRINCE-GEORGE, WINYAW.

WILLIAM MOULTRIE, EDWARD HARLESTON, and JOHN HARLESTON, Esqrs. for St. JOHN'S, Berkley County.

TACITUS GAILLARD, and BENJ. WARING, Esqrs. for St. GEORGE, DORCHESTER.

WILLIAM SCOTT, Esq; for St. ANDREW'S.

BENJ. ELLIOTT, CHARLES ELLIOTT, and ARCH. STANYARNE, Esqrs. for St. PAUL'S.

JAMES PARSONS, JAMES REID, and JAMES SKIRVING, jun. Esqrs. for St. BARTHOLOMEW'S.

Since the dissolution, the prevailing Toast is, the UNANIMOUS TWENTY-SIX.

His Excellency the Right Hon. Lord Botetourt, his Majesty's Lieutenant and Governor-General of the colony and dominion of Virginia, arrived at Hampton in the said colony, in his Majesty's ship the Rippon of 60 guns, commanded by Capt. Thomas, on the 25th of last month: The 26th evening his Excellency arrived at Williamsburg, where his commissions being immediately read, he qualified himself by taking the usual oaths, and issued a proclamation continuing all public officers: And on the 27th another proclamation was issued, dissolving the General Assembly.

Tuesday last returned from London, in the ship of Oak, Mr. Andrew Rutledge, Mr. Thomas Doughty, Miss Hopton, and the two Misses Dass.

The new arrangement of Packet-Boats having taken place, the first mail, to come directly from Falmouth to this place, was to be made up at the General Post-Office in London, on the 5th of October last, and the succeeding ones on the first Wednesday in every month; which mails will include the letters for North and South-Carolina, Georgia and East Florida.

Thursday last returned here from Belize, in the ship William, Capt. Chace, Mr. David Stoddard, Mr. Augustine Stillman, and Mr. Powell.

Last Saturday morning at 9 o'clock, a hard gust of wind arose here at W. S. W. and suddenly veered round to N. W. in which a small Scooner [illegible] with wood was sunk in Cooper-river, safely moored. Capt. Julian Dickinson's ship in safety, unmoored both her cables, the Cygnet, Capt. which had but the night before returned to Rebellion Road, having left two others between that and Five Fathom Hole, with their crews aboard upon the Point at Fort Johnson, two Pilot Boats, and several Coasters coming in, were much damaged in their sails, and a fine four-square-rigged vessel that had just come to, were dispersed and blown off, one of them carried away her main-mast. Yesterday the Cygnet was got off again, without receiving any damage, and this afternoon she proceeded on her voyage.

The Brig. Eagle, William Gibbs master, of and for this port from St. Croix, was left the 18th of last month near that island.

Barrels NEW RICE exported since the 28th of Oct.

To ports on this Continent	194
To the West-Indies	404
To London and Cowes	3126
To Lisbon	1558
Total	5282

This day the price of Rice fell, one small parcel having been sold at Sixty-five Shillings per cent. weight.

Marine List.

Nov.	Arrivals at Charles-Town	*From*
16th.	Ship Heart of Oak, Henry Gunn,	London
	Ship Charles-Town, Tho. Morrisson,	Bristol
	Ship Planters Adventure, Miles Lowley,	London
	Ship Union, Anthony Hooper,	Antigua
	Ship Hope, Roger Hooper,	London
	Brigt. Industry, Tho. Spence,	St. Croix
17th.	Ship Fair American, John Minshal,	Liverpool
	Ship Sally & Betsey, Fra. Stanfall,	Portsmouth
	Ship William, Samuel Chace,	Boston
	Ship John & Betsey, Edward Pike,	Lisbon
	Sloop Adventure, Geo. Champlin,	Rhode-Island
	Sloop Industry, Edward Allen,	Salem
20th.	Ship Charlotte, Patrick Campbell,	Cowes
21st.	Ship Indian King, Richard Baker,	Bristol
	Ship Nelly & Hannah, Zach. Norman,	London
	Ship Wolfe, John Pitt,	Poole
	Snow Kinnoul, Alex. Alexander,	Leith
	Snow Phœbe, Robert Elliott,	Grenada
	Scooner Polly, Jer. Newton,	East-Florida
	Sloop Betsey & Sally, Sol. Gibbs,	Bermuda

Nov.	Sailed,	*For*
16th.	Scooner Juno, John McKenzie,	St. Augustine
18th.	Scooner Mary-Ann, Geo. Hague,	Georgia
19th.	Brigt. Augustine Pt. Rich. Savery,	London
	Scooner Salty, Tho. Clark,	Philadelphia
20th.	Ship America, John Rainier,	London
	Brigt. Tyrrel, Thomas Arwin,	Antigua
	Brigt. Anne, John Maxted,	Lisbon
	Scooner Betsey, Ben. Appelbie,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Montagu, Hinson Todd,	Jamaica
21st.	Ship Cygnet, James Smith,	London
	Remain windbound or cleared,	*For*
	Ship Fame, William Thornton,	Lisbon
	Ship Walworth, Conolly McCausland,	Cowes
	Sloop Arthurs, John Rowney,	Liverpool
	Way sail (or be loaded) this week.	*For*
	Ship Amity's Advice, Fra. McLean,	London
	Ship Lilly, Hercules Angus,	Lisbon
	Brigt. Ch. Betsey, David Ferguson,	Barbados
	Sloop Hawke, Charles Henry,	Anguilla
	Sloop Polly, John Conyers,	Barbados
	Sloop Suky & Nancy, Jos. Dickinson,	Antigua
	Sloop Hope, John Roberts,	Pensacola
	Entered out, besides the above.	*For*
	Ship Carolina Packet, Wm. White,	London
	Ship Blaze-Castle, John Smith,	Bristol
	Ship Brice, John Muir,	Cowes
	Ship Betsey & Polly, James Bailey,	Gosport
	Billander Africa, Rich. Watts, jun.	Oporto
	Brigt. Jenny, Robert Ewen,	Lisbon
	Sloop Elizabeth, James Gilcrift,	Barbados
	Other Vessels in Port.	
	Ship Charm, Betsey, Gideon Duncan,	London
	Ship Mary, James Gordon,	London
	Ship Friendship, James Cowan,	
	Ship Beaufain, Daniel Corbett,	London
	Ship Wm. & Eliz. David Young,	Antigua
	Ship Kingston, Benj. Thompson,	Gosport
	Ship Qu. Charlotte, Jn. Chamberlain,	London
	Ship Betsey Ford, Henry Carter,	Barbados
	Ship Avon, Alex. Urquhart,	Leith
	Ship Yeamans, John Harbison,	
	Snow Peacock, Davis Hewson,	
	Brigt. Lydia, John Haywood	
	Brigt. Philadelphia Packet,	
	Brigt. Carolina, Hugh Stephenson,	
	Brig. Pr. Frederick, James Watt,	
	Brigt. Greenock, John Denniston,	Bristol
	Brigt. Recovery, Tho. Jerrard,	
	Scooner Betsey, Hen. Rogers,	St. Kitts
	Scooner Patty, Paul Preston,	
	Sloop Rainbow, Nath. Saxton,	Beaufort
	Sloop Wm. & Mary, William Proctor,	Boston
	Sloop Sally, Peter Scheirmerhorn,	New-York
	Sloop Fox, Elisha Hinman,	Surenheim
	Sloop Belarius, Benj. Pesilton,	
	Sloop Altitude, John Rains,	
	Sloop Mary, Benj. Hutchings,	

	Arrivals from this Port.	At
Ship Champion, David Chew,		*Cowes*
The Grantham Packet-Boat, Capt. Jones,		*Falmouth*
Brigt. Ranger, William Pickles,		*Cowes*
Brigt. Pitt, Israel Obear,		*Salem*
Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,		*Georgia*
Sloop Charles Town, Joseph Durfee,		*Rhode-Island*

Arrivals from other Ports.

From NORTH-CAROLINA. The Diamond, Crow, at *Portsmouth*; and the John & Sarah, Plant, at *Falmouth*.

From GEORGIA. The Hope, Wadland, at *Penzance*. The Jane, Morgan; the Polly, Young, and the Nancy, Whipple, at *Antigua*.

Sailed from *Brunswic, N. Carolina,*

Nov. 7th to 12th,	Brigt. Betsey, Thos. Marnan,	From Boston
	Ship Hope, Capt. Tayor,	For Philadelphia
	Sloop Success, Alex. Dyer,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. Kingstone, Wm. Dawson,	Jamaica

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to

New Advertisemens.

The HEART OF OAK, *Captain* GUNN, *from* LONDON, *and the* FAIR AMERICAN, *Capt.* MINSHALL, *from* LIVERPOOL,

WEBB *and* DOUGHTY,

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

A LARGE AND COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT OF

EUROPEAN GOODS:

THE chief of which being purchased at the MANUFACTURERS, will enable them to sell on as *good Terms* as any Store in CHARLES-TOWN, particularly for CASH,

They hope for a continuance of the Favours of their Friends.

Amongst a Variety of other Articles, are,

A VERY neat white flowered lutestring, a rich blue and white pink and white flowered ditto, an exceeding good black paduasoy, 3-4th wide lead-colour, blue, lemon and pink lutestrings, spot with white, plain green ditto, a few pieces of the newest fashion 3-4th striped silks, India persians, and several pieces of India chintz, bordered; ladies fashionable coloured sattin cloaks & hats, black, blue, and crimson flowered sattins for ladies cloaks and hats, with laces suitable, rich minionet laces, striped and flowered gauze and handkerchers, superfine broad and narrow cloths of the most fashionable colours, with a variety of gold and silver wire and basket buttons, Prussian bindings, &c. German serges, Yorkshire cloths, blue, green and drab-coloured whitneys, scarlet beaver, purple half thicks, swanskins, flannels and kerseys, crimson hair shag, callimancoes and tammies, dove-coloured blue, pink and brown silk and worsted lutestrings for ladies winter wear, half-ell bombazines, worsted diamontees and masquerades, neat and strong for house wenches wear, at 10 *s.* per yard;—a rich complete set of enamelled TABLE CHINA, and a compleat set of very neat blue and white ditto with a variety of tureens, dishes, plates, bowls of all sizes, breakfast and tea china, well bought Irish sheeting and shirting linens, osnaburgs, ticklinburgh, ravens duck and hessens, 3-4th Russia diaper and huckaback, 6-4th and 8-4th tabling ditto, napkinning and clouting damask and diaper, diaper and damask table cloths, fine linen and silk handkerchers, French and India romals, and a great choice of other handkerchers, printed cottons and callicoes, very elegant chintz coloured cotton bed patterns, red and white and blue and white ditto, book, flowered and striped muslins, superfine flowered cotton quilting for petticoats, flowered and corded dimities, cotton counterpanes and ermanetts, a variety of handsome furniture and cotton checks, bed tick and bunts, Dayley's 9-4th and 10-4th bed blankets, mattrasses, blue fearnought waistcoats, kersey and duffil great coats, neat ready-made surtouts, compleat sets of cream coloured stone tabble ware, a variety of handsome wine glasses and decanters, jelly and syllabub glasses, cruet frames cut glass and silver tops, flowered tumblers, glass lanthorns and shades, a very neat pair of gilt pediment sconces, drafting glasses, scarlet cloaks and cardinals, black russel petticoats, fine chipt hats, boys sattin caps, and white beaver hats, with blue feathers, a variety of Denmark and other newest fashion ribbons, black ivory fans, and very neat coloured ditto, worsted trusels and marking canvas, a large assortment of mens and womens gloves, best London made brocade, russel, sattin and callimanco pumps, mens and boys neat shoes and pumps, womens and childrens leather ditto, toed clogs, strong black grain shoes for negroes wear, leather portmantuas, portmantua and caravan trunks, French pickles of all kinds, and Durham mustard, paints and linseed oil, a few mens beaver hats of the newest taste, cutlery of all kinds, several cases of ivory handle knives and forks, FRENCH HORNS complete, violins, silver bases and Roman strings, breeding cages, very neat fowling pieces, two very handsome Turky carpets, Wilton bed side ditto, Oronoko and Rogers best tobacco, Kippen's pigtail, mens very neat silk hose, best four thread breeches patterns, worsted hose, and hosiery of all kinds, best double and single refined loaf sugar, raisins and currants, bohea, and a tub of excellent hyson TEA, just imported, a compleat assortment of carpenters, joiners, coopers, blacksmiths and plantation tools, and all kinds of IRONMONGERY in general; a very elegant trencher bow front STOVE, with fender, &c. complete, a neat column bow ditto, and a dragon bordered ditto, with fender, &c. complete, very neat Chinese mantle Landscapes, elegantly finished and finely painted, different from any thing of the kind ever imported in this province, with Denmark borders, best LONDON CORDAGE, at £. 11 per Ct. weight, and SHIP CHANDLERY of all kinds, with Jamaica, West-India and Northward RUM, Muscovado SUGAR, SALT, BAR IRON, &c. &c.

By Order of the Executor.

TO BE SOLD, at Auction, on Wednesday the 4th day of January, at ten o'clock in the forenoon in Longitude Lane:

Part of the PERSONAL ESTATE of the late Mr. GEORGE BEDON, consisting of

HOUSHOLD FURNITURE

two good clocks, one of them an alarum, two very good watches, one gold, and counted, by judges, to be as good as ever was imported, the prime cost in London £. 31 10, three gold rings, two set with diamonds one of which is very valuable, a very good canow, with sails, oars, &c. about two hundred felt hats, and sundry other articles. And,

The following Day, at the Vendue House,

A NEGRO WENCH and four Children; also part of the real estate of the said *George Bedon*, viz. a TRACT of LAND, containing 1149 acres, in Craven county, bounded to the Westward on land now or late of Capt. Richard Smith, to the Eastward partly on land now or late of Capt. Thomas Cordes, and partly on land now or late of Major George Pawley, and to the Northward on George-Town river. On the above land is a great quantity of Pine, fit for making Pitch and Tar.

The conditions will be made known at the time of sale. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

On Thursday the 24th of November inst.

will be sold at the Vendue House, in Charles-Town, for READY MONEY:

SUNDRY VALUABLE NEGROES: Among whom are two Waiting Boys, by OATS & RUSSELL.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber's plantation, on Charles-Town Neck, four NEGRO MEN, named *Abraham, Robin, Jack,* and *Peter*, viz.

Abrahom, a young, short and black fellow, remarkably strong made.

Robin, a short fellow, who with Abraham keep together.

Jack, a short fellow, a little knock-kneed.

Peter, a short fellow, has a large belly, and rather old; and, as there is great reason to think they are harboured in or near Charles-Town, *Fifty Pounds* reward is offered, on conviction of any white person so offending, contrary to law; or *Twenty-five Pounds* if harboured by a negro.

THOMAS GADSDEN.

Who is in want of a sober, industrious MAN, that understands Gardening, for a plantation within a mile of Charles-Town, and will attend the Market on shares. tf.

Notice is hereby given,

TO the proprietors of Lands and Low-Water Flats, or trustees for any such, on which the Fortification Line is built from Granville's-Bastion to the wharf of Thomas Lamboll, Esq; THAT WE, the Commissioners appointed for valuing such lands and low water flats, are ready to receive their claims; and therefore desire every one, who has not been already satisfied, to give in the same, and to shew their rights and titles, to either of us, as soon as possible, in order that their damages may be ascertained to the best of our judgment.

ISAAC MAZYCK.
GABRIEL MANIGAULT.
BENJAMIN SMITH.
JOHN SAVAGE.
THO. SMITH, (Broad-street.)

William Gibbes

INFORMS his Friends, That he still continues the *FACTORAGE BUSINESS* in all its branches, on the usual commissions; and has a sufficient number of very good SCOONERS to comply with the orders of his Friends, in bringing their crops to market: He will be much obliged to those who shall favour him with their business, and they may depend on the greatest punctuality.

He has to sell, good *Jamaica* and *West-India* RUM, and choice Muscovado SUGAR, by the hogshead or barrel, and very fine old *Madera* WINE, in bottles.

☞ HE wants an OVERSEER, for a plantation fifteen miles from Charles-Town, a single man, with a good recommendation; if he has a few Negroes, they will be taken on hire, or shares.

For SALE.

EITHER part, or the whole of a LOT of LAND, situate in George-st. est, Ansonborough, one hundred feet front, and one hundred and sixty-two deep. Any person inclinable to purchase, may apply to

JOHN MATTHEWES.

Who hereby acquaints his Friends, he has not yet sold his Negro Shoe-makers, therefore can supply them with Boots, Shoes, &c. as usual.

Likewise for sale, a quiet orderly Negro Wench, a good washer. Enquire as above.

JAMES DRUMMOND, of Tradd-street, having made over his effects and books to Messrs. SMITH & HUNT, in trust for *Samuel Robinson, & Comp. of London*: All persons indebted to the said *James Drummond*, are desired immediately to pay the same to Mr. SMITH: Those to whom he is indebted, to apply likewise.——The STOCK to be disposed of entire; with which credit will be given.

N.B. Likewise the STOCK of Goods on hand at his country stores, at Ponpon and Calnhoy.

T. LOWDER,

Late MIDWIFE and APOTHECARY to *St. Peter's* HOSPITAL, *Bristol*;

INFORMS the Public, and his Friends particularly, That he intends to follow those professions in this province: If a regular, physical Education, with a considerable degree of Experience, may be allowed sufficient qualifications, he hopes he shall not be found deficient; he assures them, the utmost assiduity shall be always exerted. The practice of MIDWIFERY, he has, for some years, been largely engaged in; and offers his attendance *Gratis* to every person in Charles-Town, whose circumstances or situation demands it: The Poor may also be assisted with advice in all cases, every afternoon between the hours of *Twelve* and *Three*, opposite *John Izard*, Esqrs. in Church-street.

Advertisements.

FOUR Casks of nine, ten, eleven, and twelve-Inch SPIKE NAILS, to be sold cheap, by

HARLESTON & BONNEAU.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

IS framing a very long WHARF or KEY at the North End of the Town, between 8 and 900 Feet in Length (from North to South) on the River, at the End whereof any Ship that comes over the Bar may lie, from one End to the other, fully loaded, and hawl off at any Time of Tide; and will be much obliged to Gentlemen *any Way concerned in Vessels*, for their BALLAST, delivered at said Wharf, where there is every necessary Convenience for discharging with the greatest Dispatch.

N. B. *Ten or a Dozen large Vessels can be discharged together, very readily and conveniently.*

WILLIAM JOHNSON,

BLACKSMITH,

(Late of the Co-partnership of *Tebout & Johnson,*)

TAKES this method to acquaint the PUBLIC, *and his* FRIENDS *in particular,*

THAT he has opened a SHOP on *Charles Elliott*, Esq'rs wharf, near the Vendue House; where he carries on the SMITH'S BUSINESS in all its branches.

Such Gentlemen as please to favour him with their custom, may depend on dispatch, and having their work done in a workman-like manner.

N. B. Orders from the country, will meet with immediate dispatch.——Ready money will be given for old Iron, Brass, Pewter, and Copper.

Thomas Legare,

JUST returned from the Northward in perfect health, takes this first opportunity of acquainting his friends, and all others that may choose to employ him, that he continues to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS; and by his strict attention to the interest of his employers, hopes to give as general satisfaction as he has hitherto done.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue,

At the usual place in Charles-Town, on Thursday *the 24th of* November *next: The following valuable LANDS and HOUSES, belonging to the estate of* ALEXANDER PETRIE, *deceased; and sold in pursuance of his last Will, viz.*

A Large Brick corner HOUSE fronting the Bay and Elliott-street, with back buildings thereto belonging, being under lease to Mr. Elias Vanderhorst, at £. 120 sterling, per annum; to be paid yearly, on the Royal Exchange of London, if required, of which lease near seven years are yet unexpired.

A brick TENEMENT, adjoining to the above, on the Bay, at present possessed by Mrs. Petrie, consisting of five good rooms above stairs, and a large double shop below, with sundry fixtures belonging to the Silversmith's business; also a very good kitchen, with two rooms above, all of brick.

Several SMALL LOTTS, in a pleasant, airy situation, betwixt Broad-street and Tradd-street; each lott being 32 feet front on Orange-street, and 111 feet deep.

The conditions of the sale, will be twelve months credit, with interest, and such security as shall be required, by

ROBERT BRISBANE.
ROBERT PHILP.
JAMES LAURENS.

A great Variety of SILVER-SMITH's TOOLS, of the best London make, and nearly as good as new, belonging to the said estate, will be sold, at private sale, very cheap; any person taking the whole, may have them a great bargain.

To be Sold,

A TRACT of LAND, situate on Long-Bay, in Craven county, containing 1157 acres, old measure, more or less, butting and bounding eastwardly, partly on Mr. Wickham's land, and partly on Long-Bay; southward on Mr. William Balloon's; northward on Mr. Charnock's land; and to the west on vacant land; late the property of George Rivers. Said land is esteemed very good for corn and indico. For further particulars, apply in Charles Town, to

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

ABSENTED himself in June last, from the scooner MARY, JOHN DORAN Master, a negro fellow named

BROMLEY,
ALIAS,
CHIPPENHAM;

He is about five feet nine inches high, strait and slim made, thirty-two years of age, and speaks good English: He had on when he went away, a seaman's jacket, trowsers and check shirt. He is well known in Charles-Town and Winyaw, having sailed a considerable time with Captain Henry Richardson. Whoever will deliver him to the warden of the work-house, shall have a reward of FORTY POUNDS currency, and reasonable charges.

THOMAS SHIRLEY.

WHEREAS some trifling persons have made it their excuse, that they did not know where I lived, as I had left the house to Mr. James Riddle, or they would come and settle with me: But this is to acquaint the Public in general, that I still live in said house, and am to be spoke with by any person or persons having business with me; and I would recommend to all persons any way indebted to me, to come and discharge the same, without further trouble.

JAMES McLEHACHAN.

THE STOCK OF GOODS of JAMES DRUMMOND, is to be sold at *Eight for One*, cash, to any person taking a Hundred Pounds value together.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS by an Act of Assembly lately passed, Commissioners are appointed to cause a CHANNEL or CANAL to be cut from the west end of Broad-street, in a direct line to low-water mark on Ashley-river; twenty-five feet wide, and of a sufficient breadth, at the end next to Broad-street, to receive two Schooners, and of depth sufficient for the passing of vessels not drawing more than six feet water; and to cause good and substantial banks or causeways to be raised on both sides thereof. THEREFORE,

ANY person or persons willing to undertake the said work, agreeable to the terms of the said Act; and also to procure the said canal to be piled in on both sides with palmetto posts, are desired to give in their Proposals for the same forthwith to the subscriber, as the Commissioners are desirous the work should be begun as soon as may be.

WILLIAM SAVAGE, *one of the Commissioners.*

TO BE SOLD,

At public Vendue, in GEORGE-TOWN, *on Thursday the 5th day of* January *next:*

A PLANTATION consisting of three tracts of LAND, pleasantly situated on Waccamaw-river; about 7 miles from George Town, either by land or water. The tract on the Neck, runs from the river to the sea; has some good sea shore land for indico on it, a good new dwelling-house with two brick chimneys, and out conveniencies. The other two tracts are swamp land, on Islands just opposite to the other tract across the river, containing by estimation, about 170 acres, the whole being called 614 acres, as good land as any in the province; late the property of Doct. *Alexander M'Donall*, deceased. Whoever inclines to purchase, may, in the mean time, see the title deeds in the hands of Mr. *Thomas Godfrey*, in George Town. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale, by

JOSEPH DUBOURDIEU, *P. M.*

George-Town, Nov. 5th, 1768.

Charles-Town, Nov. 12, 1768.

THE Hon. the CHURCH COMMISSIONERS, are hereby summoned to meet in the COUNCIL-CHAMBER, on Tuesday the 22d inst. at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

By Order of his Excellency the Governor,

JAMES JOHNSTON, Clerk.

Charles-Town, January 6, 1768.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Messrs. THOMAS LISTON and WILLIAM HOPE, of *Charles-Town*, merchants, have assigned all their debts and effects to the subscribers, in trust, for paying out of the money to arise therefrom, such of the creditors of MIDDLETON, LISTON and HOPE, and of the said THOMAS LISTON and WILLIAM HOPE, as shall, within twelve months from this day, consent and agree to receive a dividend of their debts, in average and proportion, as far as the said money will extend, and thereupon to execute general releases of their said demands, as against the said THOMAS & WILLIAM their other creditors are excluded from any share of the said money: Therefore those who are willing to accept dividends, upon the terms above-mentioned, are desired to signify such consent, and transmit their accompts duly attested within the time above limited.

Robert Ofwald having likewise assigned to us all the books belonging to himself, and as partner with Charles Tuquet, upon the same terms and conditions as the foregoing; all persons interested, are also desired to take due notice thereof.

BENJAMIN SMITH,
HENRY LAURENS,
JOHN NEUFVILLE,
JOHN CHAPMAN,
WILLIAM SAVAGE,
WILLIAM PRICE,
JOHN RUTLEDGE.

Gillepontour & Waring,

GIVE this LAST NOTICE to all persons indebted to them, That their several bonds, notes and accompts, must be discharged on or before the *first* day of *January* next: Their co-partnership has expired a considerable time, and they cannot, in justice to themselves, continue in town, (at a great expence) merely to wait the convenience of their friends. 24—3m.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, the 23d Day of March, 1768.

ORDERED,

THAT public notice be again given in the Gazettes, to the constables who have, or may have, any demands against the public of this province, for conveying malefactors to goal, that they do deliver in, to the public treasurer, at the time they apply for the payment of their fees for the said service, a distinct and particular account of their respective demands, with the number of computed miles the said constables may respectively travel in taking and bringing to goal such malefactors, and such charges as they may be at for the said service, certified by the magistrates by whom the prisoners were committed.

By Order of the house,

THOMAS FARR, jun. Clerk.

THE Corner STORE, COMPTING-HOUSE and CELLAR, at present in my possession, is TO BE LETT, and may be entered upon in August next.

THOMAS LOUGHTON SMITH.

Who informs all persons indebted to *BRENTON & SMITH*, who do not forthwith settle to his satisfaction, that they will be sued for without further notice.

George Livingston,

GAVE NOTICE, three ſeveral days, in Meſſrs TIMOTHY *and* CROUCH's *Papers that the partnerſhip between him and Mr.* CHAMPNEYS *was at an end; and that he intended carrying on the Factorage Buſineſs on his the ſaid Mr.* Champneys's *Wharf:*

SINCE which, and early after his appearance in thoſe papers, Meſſrs. LIND and CHOVIN very kindly invited him to join with them; and having, by the advice of ſome gentlemen that were near at hand to conſult (and, for the better ſecurity and diſpatch of ſuch concerns as he may be entruſted with) accepted their invitation, he thinks it proper that he ſhould

INFORM HIS FRIENDS,

the buſineſs will be carried on at Mr. *Burn's* wharf, under the Firm of

LIVINGSTON, LIND, and CHOVIN.

He has nothing more to add, than aſſurances in his partners and his own name, of a ſtrict regard to orders, and the ſame fidelity and punctuality that he promiſed in his former Advertiſements.

JAMES McCALL,

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the Queen-Charlotte Chamberling, and the Peacock, Hewſon, from LONDON; *the Brice, Muir from* BRISTOL; *and the Peggy, Major, from* PHILADELPHIA:

A compleat ASSORTMENT of

GOODS:

Among a variety of other articles are,

SUPER-FINE Broad Cloths, wilmot, whitneys, bear ſkins forges fearnaughts, durovs, ſhalloons, durants, tammies, calimancoes, camblets and damaſks, bird blankets, duffils, and dyed rugs, Welſh, Scotch, and Iriſh carpeting, neweſt faſhion ribbons, gauze, lace gloves, threads, tapes, needles and pins; hats from 7s. per dozen, to 20l. a piece;—ſhoes from 5s. to 9l. a pair;—hoſe from 3s. 9d. to 7l. a pair;—linens from 1s. 9d. to 45s. per yard;—glaſs, ſtone, earthen and china ware of all ſorts;—iron, tin, pewter, braſs and copper ware;—paints of all ſorts, glaſs of all ſizes, raiſins, currants, almonds, prunes, figs, citron, ſugar plumbs, barley ſugar, orange peel and chips, ſingle and double refined loaf ſugar, cinnamon, mace, cloves and nutmegs, allſpice, ginger, black pepper, Durham muſtard, table ſalt, Florence oil, French and Spaniſh olives, capers in pint and quart bottles, anchovies, walnuts, gerkins, India mangoes, fine, and ketchup;—A great variety of freſh GARDEN SEEDS, PEASE and BEANS,—ſuper-fine FLOUR in half barrels and kegs, Milk and Water BREAD, choice APPLES, &c. &c.

WILLIAM BAKER

HAS juſt imported in the Queen Charlotte, Captain Chamberling, from LONDON:

An Aſſortment of Goods,

Conſiſting of the following Articles,

CROWLEY's beſt BROAD HOES, ſuper fine faſhionable broad cloths, with ſuitable trimmings;—a very large aſſortment of printed cottons and callicoes, blue and red and white bed patterns;—a large aſſortment of Iriſh linens, garlix, printed linen handkerchiefs, bohea and hyſon tea, loaf ſugar with moſt other articles uſually imported, which he will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms, at his ſtore in Tradd ſtreet, formerly occupied by Mr. *Chriſtopher Simpſon.* [28—34]

TO BE SOLD,

At EIGHT and an HALF for ONE, and three Months Credit:

TWENTY pieces of Iriſh and Scotch yard-wide LINENS from 22 pence to 23. 6d. Alſo four pieces of 5 4th fine SHEETING, all lately imported.—Enquire of Meſſrs. OATS & RUSSELL, in Broad ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD. AT AUCTION,

At the uſual place in Charles Town, on Tueſday the 6th day of December next;

A TRACT of LAND,

CONTAINING about 76 acres, at Bacon Bridge, whereon is a good dwelling houſe, ſtores, out houſes, &c. lately occupied by the late Mr. William Joor.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

WHEREAS the paſſing and repaſſing of SAVANNAH RIVER, from and into the Eaſtern parts of GEORGIA, has hitherto proved very tedious and expenſive; a ſhort, ſafe and eaſy paſſage, is now propoſed to be opened; and thoſe that would encourage the undertaking, may ſee a draught and propoſals for that purpoſe, in the hands of Mr. JAMES FISHER, Merchant, and of the Printer of this Gazette.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

AT a court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 8th of November 1768. *James Philips, Charles Brown and George Jackſon,* being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as Jurors, made default, and were noted for non-appearance. *This is to give Notice,* That they will be fined in the ſum of Five Pounds, Proclamation-money, each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient excuſes, upon oath, for their non-appearance, on or before the firſt Tueſday in January next.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. & P.

Pleas-Office, Nov. 12, 1768.

A MAN who forces his Wife from him, by inhumanity, and preferring an old NEGRO WENCH for a BEDFELLOW, certainly cannot deſerve credit. CHARLES MYERS, who advertiſes againſt crediting or entertaining his Wife, might therefore have ſpared himſelf that trouble and expence.

MARY MYERS.

For LONDON,

(To ſail with the firſt of the Crop.)

THE SHIP

BEAUFAIN,

DANIEL CURLING, *Maſter.*

FOR Freight of Indico or Deerſkins, or for Paſſage, apply to the ſaid Maſter, or WILLIAM ANCRUM. AARON LOOCOCK.

For LONDON,

THE SHIP

QUEEN CHARLOTTE

JOHN CHAMBERLING *Maſter,*

(Having very good accommodations for Paſſengers.)

FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to Mr. ROBERT SMITH, at Mr. Maſſey's, in Meeting-ſtreet, or to ſaid Maſter on board, at Mr. Burn's wharf.

Charles Town, Oct. 22d, 1768.

For LONDON,

(To ſail with the firſt of the Crop.)

THE SHIP

CAROLINA PACKET,

WILLIAM WHITE *Maſter.*

(Having the beſt accommodations for Paſſengers)

FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to Mr. THOMAS SMITH in Broad-ſtreet, or ſaid Maſter.

Who has a few caſks of LONDON PORTER, and a cheſt of fine HYSON TEA to diſpoſe of.

For LONDON,

Or the MARKETS,

THE SHIP

CHARMING BETSEY,

GIDEON DUNCAN *Maſter.*

Carpented and fitted out from this Port

BURTHEN about 700 barrels of Rice; will fall, if required, in fifteen days.—Any perſon inclinable to freight either all, or part of ſaid Ship, may apply to ſaid Maſter, at Mr. DAVID LIND's, at Hobcaw.

For LONDON,

(To ſail one of the firſt Ships.)

The Ship MARY,

Captain JAMES GORDON,

FOR Freight of Indico, Deerſkins, or for Paſſage, apply to Captain Gordon, or to JOHN FORBES, & Comp.

THEODORE GAILLARD, jun.

GIVE THIS PUBLIC NOTICE,

TO all perſons indebted to him on bond, mortgage, note, or otherwiſe, That he will have occaſion for all the money due to him, by the firſt of January next.

He hopes none will require longer indulgence, and gives this EARLY NOTICE, that thoſe concerned may provide in time.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR,

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the BEAUFAIN, *Capt.* CURLING, *from* LONDON:

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of the very beſt ſuperfine BROAD CLOTHS, with the beſt of trimmings, ſilk and worſted breeches pieces, ſcarlet and crimſon hair ſhag, alſo green and blue livery ſhag, and all other materials fit for his buſineſs.

His goods are choſen by one of the beſt judges in the DRAPERY WAY, and on the beſt terms; he therefore will ſupply Gentlemen, on any occaſion, cheaper than any one in the province.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By Order of His Honour the Lieu. Governor.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all perſons having any demands on the PUBLIC of this province, to deliver in accompts of the ſame, upon oath, on or before the 1ſt of *January* next, in order to be laid before the commons houſe of aſſembly.

JACOB MOTTE, *Public-Treaſurer.*

AS there is an abſolute neceſſity to know the debts of JAMES VALLETT's eſtate, that the Executors may be able to ſettle with the creditors; it is required, *for the laſt time,* that their demands may be brought in, properly atteſted, to the ſubſcriber, before the 16th of December next, or they may expect to looſe their dividend after that time:—On the ſame day, all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to meet at *three* o'clock in the afternoon, at Mr. *Poinſett's*, to receive or ſettle their dividend.

ANDREW D'ELLIENT, *Executor.*

Who deſires thoſe to whom he has lent any Books to return them; which he expected would have been done without a public advertiſement.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be Sold on board the Ship BRICE, JOHN MUIR maſter, at Capt. Roper's Wharf:

ENGLISH BRICKS, fine SALT, CHEESE, Loaf Sugar in Hogſheads, Briſtol bottled BEER, a parcel of Ships braſs Compaſſes: All which will be diſpoſed of reaſonably.

DANIEL HYE informs me of a dark bay coloured MARE having ſtrayed into his plantation, at the Four-Holes, branded on the mounting ſhoulder like WP. The owner muſt prove his property to ſaid ſtray, before

JOHN TROUP.

SALES by the Prov

On Tueſday the 22d day of November

Vendue, at the uſu

THREE HUNDRED ac

Great Peſſe River on Muddy Cree

Late the property of PETER SMITH, a

Joſhua Lock

HAS juſt imported, in the BEA CURLING *from* LOND

A VERY CURIOUS ASSORT

OF CLOCKS AND W

CHES; Amongſt which are, a gold Watch, with ſeconds in the center, ſome eight-day ſpring Alarums, very uſeful to wake perſons at an hour of the night they deſire.

A neat aſſortment of Stone Buckles, Watch Chains, Seals, &c.

A very large aſſortment of Pocket Piſtols, ſome of them of a new conſtruction, and mounted in ſilver. And,

A curious ſilver-mounted Gun, with a gold touch hole, the barrel four feet long, and carrying an ounce and quarter ball.

THE LANDS and HOUSES in Charles-Town, being part of the real eſtate of WILLIAM HALL, deceaſed, which ware advertiſed to have been ſold on the 25th of October laſt, WILL be SOLD, by public outcry, at the Vendue-Houſe, on Wedneſday the 23d inſtant, November, between the hour of *Eleven* and *One* o'clock.

SUSANNAH HALL, *Executrix.*

GEORGE SHEED, *Executor.*

JOHN CHAMPNEYS,

FOLLOWS THE

Factorage Buſineſs

BY himſelf, and hopes for a continuance of the favours of his friends, as he will endeavour to give ſatisfaction to all who may pleaſe to employ him.

He alſo hopes for the continuance of thoſe Gentlemen's cuſtom, who have had their buſineſs done at the wharf, who may depend on the ſame diligence and conſtant attendance, as formerly. [3 m]

On WEDNESDAY the 23d inſtant,

WILL BE SOLD, at public Vendue at Mr FORMAN*'s Ferry, at Cainhoy, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon;*

TEN NEGRO SLAVES,

VIZ.

TWO NEGRO MEN, very good ſawyers, one ditto a good cooper, a carpenter, two luſty ſprightly boys, and four negro wenches, three of them good houſe-wenches and cooks.

Six or twelve months credit will be given, paying intereſt. OATS & RUSSELL.

N. B. *None of the above Negroes are ſold for any fault.*

WANTED, an OVERSEER, for a plantation on James Iſland:—He muſt be a man that underſtands his buſineſs, and have a good recommendation. Apply to the Printer.

Abraham Delanoy,

PORTRAIT PAINTER,

(LATELY ARRIVED)

TAKES this method to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of this province, That he has furniſhed himſelf with a room, at Mr. Waldron's, next door to Dr. Locock's, in Broad-ſtreet; where he intends to practiſe his buſineſs, and hopes to meet with the encouragement that he will make it his endeavour to merit.

A few ſpecimens of his performance may be ſeen at the ſame place.

JOHN BAKER

Having purchaſed the STOCK OF GOODS on hand of JOHN & WILLIAM BAKER,

A LARGE SUPPLY to which, were lately imported, in Captain *White*, from London, hopes for the cuſtom of his Friends. [28—34]

ALL perſons having demands againſt the eſtate of SAMUEL PERONNEAU, deceaſed, are deſired to give them in: And thoſe indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to diſcharge their ſeveral debts immediately.

PETER MANIGAULT, *Adminiſtrator.*

THE Co partnerſhip of J & WILLIAM BAKER, having exp 31ſt of Octob laſt: They intreat thoſe w compts, &c. will become due to them the January next, to be punctual in their payn they are deſirous of cloſing the concerns o copartnerſhip as ſoon as poſſible.

*** The Books, &c. are in the hand BAKER. [28.

THERE is a vacancy for one CHILD, by the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.

---

at 2 *Mar.*

1ſt, 1768.

the directions al aſſembly of this pro- "an act to regulate the ASSIZE of BREAD."

enquired the price of UR, and find that imported from *Northern* colonies to be at *ſix pounds, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *four pounds,* (being both uſed by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	12	0	White,	2	8	0
Wheaten,	2	10	0	Wheaten,	3	12	0
Houſhold,	3	8	0	Houſhold,	5	0	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice.

BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Sloop SALLY, PETER SCHERMERHORN, *Maſter, from* New-York, *and to be ſold by ſaid Maſter, at Champneys's wharf (late* Ebenezer Simmons, *Eſq's) Wharf*

SUPER-FINE FLOUR, Ship, Milk and Water Bread, Crackers, Loaf Sugar, New-York Beer, in Barrels; Geneva, in Barrels and Caſes, Starch, Bar Iron, Braſs Dogs and Fenders, &c. &c.

N. B. Said Sloop will ſail in 14 days for NEW-YORK. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to PETER SCHERMERHORN Maſter, on board.

TO BE SOLD by private Contract,

The following LANDS *belonging to the Eſtate of* JACOB BOND, *Eſq; deceaſed;*

A PLANTATION in Chriſt-Church parſh, containing about 280 acres more or leſs, butting and bounding to the eaſtward on lands of Charles Pinckney, Eſq; to the ſouthward on lands of George Paddon Bond, to the northon lands of John Roſe, and to the weſt on Wackendaw creek, and on lands of the ſaid John Roſe: It is very good land for corn, rice and indico, very convenient to a landing, and not more than five miles from Charles Town; the market might be attended to great advantage.

Likewiſe, Twelve hundred acres of LAND, contained in four ſeparate tracts on Black-River, adjoining lands of Mr. Sarré, to be ſold together or ſeparate.

One or two years credit will be given, paying intereſt, with approved Security.

GEORGE PADDON BOND, JOHN ROSE, } Executors.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue,

on Tueſday the 29th of November inſt, at the uſual place in Charles-Town:

A TRACT of LAND, containing 200 acres, formerly belonging to *James Vallett*, deceaſed, in Chriſt-Church parſh joining to the Eaſt, Weſt and North on *Mark Oliver's* land, and to the Southward on *John Bruce's* land, near Cooper-River.——Alſo a SCOONER, about 20 tons burthen, and draws about 6 feet water when deep loaded. Whoever is inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the titles in the hands of JAMES AMOSS.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue, on

Thurſday the 8th of December next, at the Houſe of the Subſcriber on the Bay:

PART of the PERSONAL ESTATE of Capt. HENRY RICHARDSON, deceaſed, conſiſting of a very good coaſting SCOONER, well found, with all her appurtenances, known by the name of the PITT, with four valuable Boatmen, belonging to the ſame: Alſo ſundry other articles.

Six months credit will be given to the purchaſers of the ſcooner and negroes, paying intereſt, and giving approved ſecurity, if required, to

ELIZABETH RICHARDSON, *Executrix.*

To be Sold,

And may be entered upon immediately;

A PLANTATION in Chriſt-Church parſh, containing 837 acres, formerly belonging to John Daniel; it is exceeding good land and well timbered, has ſeveral thouſand cords of oak and hickory fire-wood on it, is not more than ſix miles from Charles-Town, and very convenient to ſeveral good landings: The market might be attended to great advantage, and a handy boat, with proper management, may, with eaſe, make a trip every day to town with wood: There is very good clay for brick-making on it, and a brick yard already ſettled, with a reſervoir of water for ſwimming the cattle that tread the clay; a great quantity of wood for burning brick and lime very near the brick [illegible]: alſo a ſmall dwelling houſe, kitchen, [illegible] houſes, a good barn and corn-houſe, [illegible] building needful on a plan-

credit will be given, [illegible]rity.

[illegible]OHN ROSE.

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the

[illegible] eſtate, to

Charles-Town: Printed by Peter Timothy, at the oldeſt Printing-Office, in Broad-Stre[illegible]